## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (original) A signal separation method, comprising:

detecting a composite electrical signal at a subcutaneous non-intrathoracic location, the composite electrical signal associated with a plurality of sources;

receiving information associated with a non-electrophysiological cardiac source; separating a signal from the composite electrical signal; and identifying the separated signal as a cardiac signal using the separated signal and the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information.

- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein identifying the separated signal as the cardiac signal comprises providing a detection window defined by a start time and a stop time determined using the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 2, further comprising detecting a QRS complex within the detection window.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises acoustic emission information.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises a temporal location of a peak heart-sound.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein identifying the separated signal as the cardiac signal comprises providing a detection window defined by a start time preceding the temporal location of a peak heart-sound.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises blood-flow information.

- 8. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises pulse pressure information.
- 9. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises pulse oximetry information.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises transthoracic impedance information.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein identifying the separated signal as the cardiac signal comprises providing a detection window within which the cardiac signal is correlated to a signal associated with the non-electrophysiological cardiac source.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising determining a time separation between a peak of the separated signal and a peak of a signal associated with the non-electrophysiological cardiac source.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the time separation is used to identify a cardiac signal.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the signal is separated from the composite electrical signal using blind source separation.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the blind source separation comprises an independent component analysis performed on the composite electrical signal.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising detecting a cardiac condition using the separated signal.

- 17. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising detecting a cardiac condition using the separated signal by performing a correlation between the separated signal and a signal associated with the non-electrophysiological cardiac source.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising detecting a cardiac arrhythmia using the cardiac signal.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 18, further comprising treating the cardiac arrhythmia.
- 20. (original) An implantable subcutaneous device, comprising:
  - a housing;
- a plurality of subcutaneous non-intrathoracic electrodes configured to sense a plurality of electrical signals;
  - a sensor that senses a non-electrophysiologic signal; and
- a signal processor provided in the housing and coupled to the sensor and the plurality of subcutaneous non-intrathoracic electrodes, the processor initiating a detection window at a start time determined from use of the non-electrophysiologic signal, the processor identifying a cardiac signal from the plurality of electrical signals using the detection window.
- 21. (original) The device of claim 20, wherein the sensor comprises an accelerometer.
- 22. (original) The device of claim 20, wherein the sensor comprises an acoustic transducer.
- 23. (original) The device of claim 20, wherein the sensor is provided in or on the housing.
- 24. (original) The device of claim 23, wherein the sensor comprises a microphone.
- 25. (original) The device of claim 20, further comprising a lead coupled to the plurality of subcutaneous non-intrathoracic electrodes.

- 26. (original) The device of claim 20, further comprising a plurality of leads, wherein at least one of the plurality of leads is coupled to an array of electrodes.
- 27. (original) The device of claim 20, further comprising energy delivery circuitry configured to deliver a cardiac therapy.
- 28. (original) The device of claim 27, wherein the cardiac therapy comprises a cardiac pacing therapy.
- 29. (original) The device of claim 27, wherein the cardiac therapy comprises a cardiac defibrillation therapy.
- 30. (original) An implantable device, comprising:

means for subcutaneously detecting a composite electrical signal associated with a plurality of signal sources;

means for subcutaneously detecting non-electrical cardiac activity;
means for separating a signal from the composite electrical signal; and
means for determining whether or not the separated signal is a cardiac electrical signal
using the detected non-electrical cardiac activity.

- 31. (original) The device of claim 30, wherein the determining means comprises means for performing a time correlation between the separated signal and a signal associated with the detected non-electrical cardiac activity.
- 32. (original) The device of claim 30, wherein the determining means comprises means for evaluating the separated signal within a detection window.
- 33. (original) The device of claim 32, further comprising means for determining a start time to initiate the detection window.

- 34. (original) The device of claim 30, further comprising means for detecting an arrhythmia using the cardiac electrical signal.
- 35. (original) The device of claim 34, further comprising means for treating the arrhythmia.
- 36. (original) The device of claim 30, further comprising means for discriminating cardiac rhythms.
- 37. (original) A signal detection method, comprising:

detecting an electrical signal at a subcutaneous location, the electrical signal associated with a plurality of sources;

receiving information associated with non-electrical cardiac activity;

examining a portion of the electrical signal during a time duration defined at least partially prior to the non-electrical cardiac activity; and

identifying a cardiac signal based on the examination.

- 38. (original) The method of claim 37, wherein the non-electrical cardiac activity comprises a temporal location of a peak heart-sound.
- 39. (original) The method of claim 37, further comprising identifying the detected electrical signal as a cardiac signal indicative of a cardiac condition.
- 40. (original) The method of claim 37, wherein examining the electrical signal comprises providing a detection window.
- 41. (original) The method of claim 40, further comprising detecting a QRS complex within the detection window.
- 42. (original) The method of claim 37, further comprising correlating the received non-electrical cardiac activity with the electrical signal.

- 43. (original) The method of claim 37, further comprising determining a time separation between a peak of the non-electrical cardiac activity and a peak of the electrical signal.
- 44. (original) The method of claim 43, wherein the time separation is used to identify a cardiac signal.
- 45. (original) The method of claim 37, further comprising identifying the detected electrical signal as a cardiac signal indicative of a cardiac condition and treating the cardiac condition.
- 46. (original) The method of claim 45, wherein treating the cardiac condition comprises delivering a cardiac therapy.
- 47. (original) The method of claim 45, wherein the cardiac therapy comprises a cardiac pacing therapy.
- 48. (original) The method of claim 45, wherein the cardiac therapy comprises a cardiac defibrillation therapy.